

Khat Conundrum

Khat is controversial. People in the Horn of Africa have chewed it for centuries. Last July the plant lost its last foothold in Europe when Britain declared cathonine — khat's active ingredient — illegal. It's been considered a nonmedical drug in the U.S. since 1993.

For growers looking to sell to the East African diaspora, losing Britain is a major blow. That country provided a substantial consumer base of Somali immigrants. Britain also provided a hub for quick 2, because of its centrality. That's important, since khat loses its potency as it dries, usually within 48 hours. Kenyan farmers are protesting the loss of income from nearly 2,000 tons of khat exported to the U.K. a year, worth roughly \$70 million.

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Tekst 2 Khat conundrum

- 1p 2 Which of the following fits the gap?
- A cultivation
 - B distribution
 - C investigation
 - D stimulation
 - E substitution

Bronvermelding

Een opsomming van de in dit examen gebruikte bronnen, zoals teksten en afbeeldingen, is te vinden in het bij dit examen behorende correctievoorschrift, dat na afloop van het examen wordt gepubliceerd.